

# Open Dynamics Engine (ODE)

[opende.sourceforge.net](http://opende.sourceforge.net)

# Topics to be Covered

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- What is ODE?
- How ODE works
- Demos
- Getting Started with ODE
- Applications to Games
- More Demos
- Helpful Resources

# What is ODE?

- Real-time rigid body dynamics simulation
- Integrated collision detection (OPCODE)
- Free, open source software library
- Runs on Unix, Windows, OS X
- Cool

# How ODE Works

- Each object usually has a:
  - Dynamics component (body) - mass, forces
  - Collision component (geom) - physical shape
  - Visual component - appearance
- Use joints to connect objects
  - Hinge, ball-and-socket, slider, universal, etc.
- Use forces/torques, not objects' positions or orientations
- Collision detection creates “contact” joints

# Demos

- Chains
- Stacks of blocks with flying spheres
- More later...

# Getting Started with ODE

- Build ODE, OPPCODE libs
- Link these libs into your application
- `#include <ode/ode.h>` somewhere
- Start coding...

Note: Code is in C++ with a C-style API

```
dBodySetPosition(dBodyID, x, y, z);
```

Instead of:

```
Body.SetPosition(x,y,z);
```

# Syntax

- dWorld - a dynamics world.
- dSpace - a collision space.
- dBody - a rigid body.
- dGeom - geometry (for collision).
- dJoint - a joint
- dJointGroup - a group of joints.
- dReal, dVector3, dVector4, dMatrix3, dMatrix4, dQuaternion – commonly used data types

# Typical ODE Application Sequence 1/6

## 1. Create a dynamics world

```
dWorldID dWorldCreate();  
dWorldSetGravity(dWorldID, dReal x, dReal y, dReal z);  
// adjust global ERP and CFM parameters – see documentation
```

## 2. Create a collision world

```
dSpaceID dSimpleSpaceCreate(dSpaceID space);
```



## Typical ODE Application Sequence 2/6

### 3. Create a joint group for the contact joints

```
dJointGroupID dJointGroup(int max_size);  
// max_size is deprecated and should be set to 0
```

### 4. Create bodies in the dynamics world

```
dBodyID dBodyCreate(dWorldID);
```

### 5. Set the position, mass of bodies

```
void dBodySetPosition(dBodyID, dReal x, dReal y, dReal z);  
void dBodySetMass(dBodyID, const dMass *mass);
```

# Typical ODE Application Sequence 3/6

## 6. Create joints in the dynamics world

```
dJointID dJointCreateHinge(dWorldID, dJointGroupID);  
// dJointGroupID is normally 0. This is used to insert contact  
// joints (for collision detection) directly into a global joint group.
```

## 7. Create collision geoms

```
dGeomID dCreateSphere(dSpaceID space, dReal radius);  
void dGeomSetBody(dGeomID, dBodyID); // join geom with body  
void dSpaceAdd(dSpaceID, dGeomID); // put geom into a space  
// Hierarchies of spaces...
```

# Typical ODE Application Sequence 4/6

## 8. Attach joints to bodies

```
void dJointAttach(dJointID, dBodyID body1, dBodyID, body1);
```

## 9. Set joint parameters

```
void dJointSetHingeAnchor (dJointID, dReal x, dReal y, dReal z);  
void dJointSetHingeAxis (dJointID, dReal x, dReal y, dReal z);
```

# Typical ODE Application Sequence 5/6

## ■ 10. Loop

- Apply forces to bodies when necessary

```
void dBodyAddForce(dBodyID, x, y, z);
```

- Check for collisions

This creates contact joints where collisions occur and adds these joints to the contact joint group.

- Take a simulation step

```
void dWorldStep (dWorldID, dReal stepsize); // more accurate
```

Or, a faster, iterative way...

```
dWorldStepFast1(dWorldID, dReal stepsize, int maxiterations);
```

# Typical ODE Application Sequence 6/6

- 10. Loop (continued)
  - Remove all joints from the contact group
  - Redraw scene bodies' positions/orientations
- 11. Destroy the dynamics and collision worlds

```
void dSpaceDestroy(dSpaceID);  
void dWorldDestroy(dWorldID);  
void dJointGroupDestroy(dJointGroupID);  
void dCloseODE(); // deallocate stuff that doesn't get  
                  // destroyed elsewhere
```

## Note About TriMeshes

- Triangular meshes have mixed reviews
- Right now, no support for trimesh/trimesh collision detection
- ...But this situation can be avoided

# Applications to Games

- Basic collision detection – invisible sphere around player
- Breakable joints
- Explosions
- Sports
- Realistic Machinery – catapults
- Vehicles – boats, cars, planes, etc.
- People

# More Demos

- A simple person
- Simple person on a ledge
- Random neural net person
- Energetic random neural net person
- Person caught between ledges
- Evolved behaviors
- Links to demos on the ODE website



# Helpful Resources

- Zip file of sample code, these slides, typical simulation sequence doc

[www.vrac.iastate.edu/~streeter](http://www.vrac.iastate.edu/~streeter) – bottom of page

- [opende.sourceforge.net](http://opende.sourceforge.net)

Great documentation, [Wiki/CVS links](#), mailing list archives